Let's get dam busy.



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## A Note from the Editors

Happy New Year! 2022 was a busy year for process-based restoration (PBR) in California. We expect 2023 to be even busier as more evidence points to the benefits of using PBR approaches for stream, river, and meadow restoration. Here we highlight some successes from 2022 and outline goals for 2023. We have ambitious plans that we can only accomplish if we work together to build capacity, share opportunities and data, and communicate project outcomes and monitoring results to a wide audience. Please get involved. You can start by joining 2023's first Cal-PBR meeting coming up next week on January 25th from 10am to 12pm. We will discuss current and future projects, funding opportunities, and potential collaborations to get involved. Watch for an email from calpbrnetwork@gmail.com with login details and the agenda. Please reach out to the same email with additional collaborative possibilities and ideas for making

our website at calpbr.org, click on the Join tab, and fill out your contact information. Spread the water and the word! Sincerely,

the Cal-PBR Network a better resource for a wider audience.

The CAL-PBR Network Newsletter Editors

Karen Pope, Ben Cook, Carrie Monohan, Matt Berry, Garrett

Costello, Jessica Dyke **Announcements** 

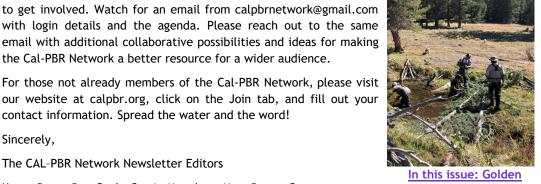
## Principles of PBR

Nature-based solutions for river and meadow restoration.

Work with fluvial and biological energy.

Minimize carbon use, maximize carbon gain.

Encourage complexity, retention, and fluvial process-space.



**Trout Wilderness Project Spotlight** 

## Statewide Restoration Permit adopted: The State Water Resources Control Board adopted

the Statewide Restoration Permit (Order No. WQ 2022-0048-DWQ) and certified the Programmatic Environmental Impact Report (PEIR) by a unanimous vote on Aug. 16, 2022. This new authorization applies to larger projects (over 5 acres or 500 linear feet of riparian waterway) that don't qualify under the Small Habitat Restoration Project designation. Wow! For more information, see suscon.org/blog/2022/09/fws-pbo-explainer/ Spring 2023 Semester Low-Tech Restoration Workshop Series: These workshops will discuss

how to restore hydrologic processes that promote riparian resilience and mesic vegetation, identify opportunities for restoration, and examine how beaver dam analogs (BDAs) can be applied. For more information about LTPBR and resources from previous short courses, visit lowtechpbr.restoration.usu.edu/workshops/2023/USU/ Three-day Restoring Riverscapes Workshop Advancing Process-Based Actions: Explore the practice of riverscape restoration and its universe of opportunities and constraints in an ac-

tion-packed virtual workshop event. Dates are March 7, 8, and 9, 2023. For more information and to register, go to <a href="https://www.restoringriverscapes.org/">https://www.restoringriverscapes.org/</a>. North Coast Regional Water Quality Control Board staff are developing a Beaver Dam Analog Project Size Calculator guidance document to help restoration practitioners navigate the

environmental permitting process. Use of this guidance document will be voluntary and is intended to streamline and standardize how beaver dam analog projects' size and impacts are quantified for regulatory purposes. NCRWQCB will release the draft document for public comment. For more information, contact Jake Shannon at jacob.shannon@waterboards.ca.gov. Multiple CDFW Grant Public Solicitation Notices are now open, including FRGP, Drought, Climate, and Nature-based Solutions grant opportunities. For more information, please see

wildlife.ca.gov/Grants Developing Alternative Mitigation Systems (DAMS) for Beavers Act: This is a heads up about an act to establish a five year (\$1M/year) federal grant program, administered by the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, for projects that use nonlethal coexistence measures to reduce

property damage caused by beavers and maintain or enhance habitat for beavers and other

wildlife. Congresswoman Suzan DelBene (D-WA-01) is leading this legislation. For more information, please see awionline.org/press-releases/ American Rivers report on LTPBR: This report reviews both published and unpublished research, case studies, and project information on the effects of restoring incised and degraded headwater streams in Colorado and other western states with LTPBR. Please see

Build Like a Beaver: Cal-PBR Training Fall 2022 was a Success!

## Beaver fever has officially hit the restoration community! The first Cal PBR "Build Like a Beaver" Training took place in September 2022. An intrepid group of more than 60 participants

Keep an eye out for details about the upcoming (April) 2023 SLO Beaver Fest!!!

www.americanrivers.org/conservation-resource/

and instructors gathered along upper Yellow Creek in Plumas National Forest for 3 days of instruction and hands-on beaver dam analog (BDA) builds alongside the most experienced instructors and BDA build crews in the region. Trainees learned how to build structures in a

By Jessica Dyke

process-based restoration (PBR) techniques. Training in the field was preceded by an informational Zoom call, during which PBR practitioners and researchers presented on restoration concepts, lessons, and design. The excitement at Yellow Creek was palpable, and the Cal-PBR Network looks forward to hosting our next training in 2023!

variety of stream widths and gradients and observed first-hand the value and effectiveness of





including grazing, extirpation of beavers, roads, airstrips, off road vehicle use, and water diversions. Past efforts have been made to address gully formation, erosion, functional loss, and vegetation conversion using log check dams or rock gabions. While these approaches have been ef-

fective at capturing sediment and stabilizing headcuts in many locations, there have simply not been enough structures built on a large-enough scale to restore the hydrologic and vege-

tative processes needed to support the ecosystem's diverse functions...

Much of the Kern Plateau is now part of the federally-protected Golden Trout Wilderness (GWW) which under the Wilderness Act limits restoration to non-mechanized techniques. Not even wheelbarrows are allowed! In this landscape, LTPBR may be the only feasible approach for landscape-scale change because nearly all of the project sites are in designated Wilderness. The Project's primary goal is to restore the natural meadow processes responsible for maintaining the Plateau's unique ecosystem.

group of partners including Trout Unlimited, the Inyo National Forest, and Anabranch Solutions, and with funding from California Department of Fish and Wildlife, this Project will employ LTPBR to restore natural hydrologic, biologic, and geomorphic processes across 15 meadow complexes representing 3,000 total acres. Pilot projects undertaken in two of the project meadows 2021 and 2022 show immense

We are currently in the final planning stages of this ambitious LTPBR project. With a diverse

promise for quickly raising the water table, diversifying flow paths, deepening pools, and reconnecting floodplains. These projects already withstood summer monsoon events, indicating some degree of lasting effectiveness. Questions remain whether LTPBR can achieve long-term, landscape-scale ecological benefits in meadow ecosystems, so we have built extensive monitoring and adaptive management components into the project to increase our tain meadow processes and how to achieve incision, erosion, and vegetation conversion. landscape-scale success over the long-term.



more people to learn about LTPBR design, planning, and implementation. We look forward to sharing these opportunities widely with the restoration community in the year to come!

For more information, please reach out to Sabra Purdy at sabrapurdy@gmail.com